



10th Street SW & Banneker Connections
Public Meeting

May 21, 2013







I. Welcome & Project Overview	6:30
II. 10 th Street / Banneker Connection ❖ Stormwater Study ❖ 10 th Street Streetscape Improvement ❖ Banneker Connection Concept	6:45 its
III. General Questions & Comments	7:15
IV. Discussion at Boards	7:30
V. Adjourn	8:30







The SW Ecodistrict

A VISION PLAN FOR A MORE SUSTAINABLE FUTURE



DECEMBER 2012



GSA Coordination

Federal Triangle South



- ❖ RFI IssuedDecember 2012
- **❖ Industry DayJanuary 4**th
- ❖ Responses Due.....February 4th
- **❖** Determine Path Forward......May 2013
- **❖** Issue RFP......Fall 2013



Additional Coordination

Smithsonian Institution Master Plan



- Banneker/10th Street Determination of Eligibility
 - National Park Service Cultural Landscape Report





Private Development





10th Street + Banneker Overlook

10th Street Phased Streetscape Improvements

+ Banneker Overlook Pedestrian Connection







Monumental Core Framework Plan (2009)



SW Ecodistrict Plan (2013)



Project Partners

National Capital Planning Commission

National Park Service

DC Department of Transportation

Key Stakeholders

US Commission of Fine Arts

DC Office of Planning

General Services Administration

DC Historic Preservation Office

DC Department of the Environment

DC Water

Smithsonian Institution

US Postal Service

Private Property Owners

PN Hoffman

JBG

Urban Reit



Project Purpose

10th Street Phased Streetscape Improvements

- **❖** Establish a cross-section dimension for the **10th Street right of way to inform the RFP.**
- ❖ Prepare conceptual designs and identify programmatic opportunities for phased streetscape improvements.

Banneker Overlook Pedestrian Connection

❖ Design a pedestrian connection that links Banneker Overlook with The Wharf.



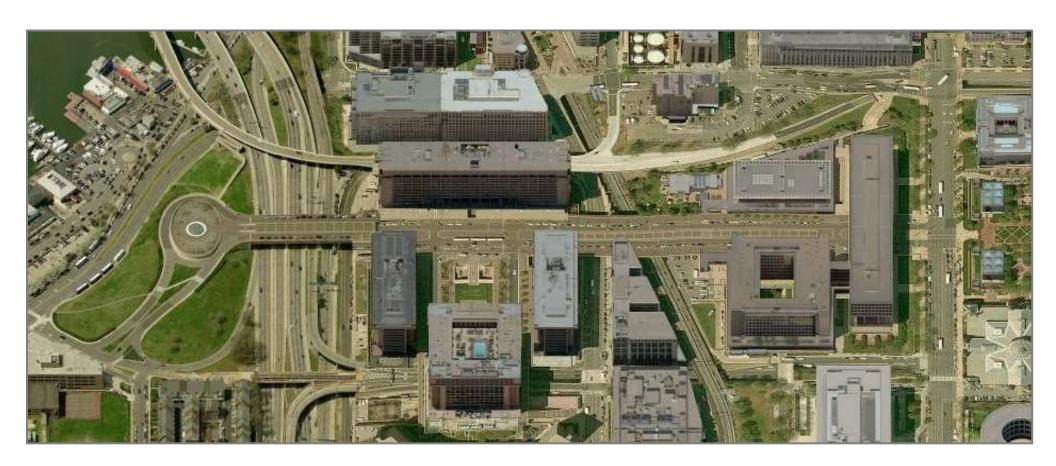


Stormwater Study





10th Street Existing Conditions



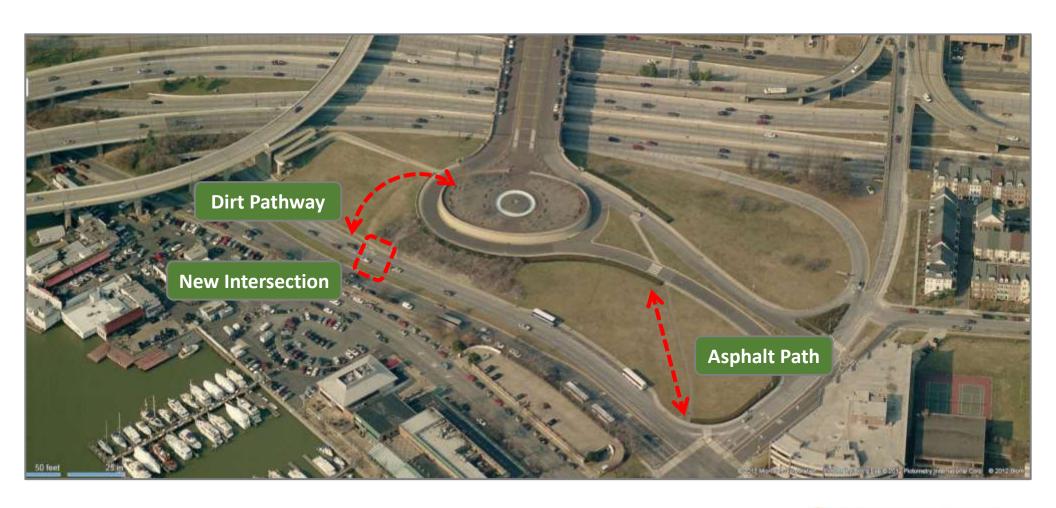


10th Street Rendering





Banneker Overlook Existing Conditions





Upcoming Milestones	Date
Public Meeting	May 21 st
Information Briefing to NCPC	June 6 th
Information Briefing to CFA	June 20th
SW Ecodistrict Task Force Meeting	~July
SW Ecodistrict Task Force Meeting	~September
Conceptual Designs to NCPC	September 5 th
Conceptual Designs to CFA	September 19th





STORM WATER INFRASTRUCTURE STUDY

Modeling and Analysis

10th Street Corridor



Stormwater Study Goals 10th Street Corridor

Meet SW Ecodistrict targets to use water more efficiently.

70% Reduction in Municipal Water Use

Exceed the DDOE Stormwater Regulations

- Minimize Stormwater Run Off
- Maximize Green Area Ratio
- Reuse Stormwater

Evaluate ways to close the gap between potable water demand and storm water harvesting.



Stormwater Value In the 10th Street Corridor

Quantitative Value

- Share costs between private and public areas
- Avoid fees
- Generate stormwater credits
- Use credits and avoided fees to offset capital costs

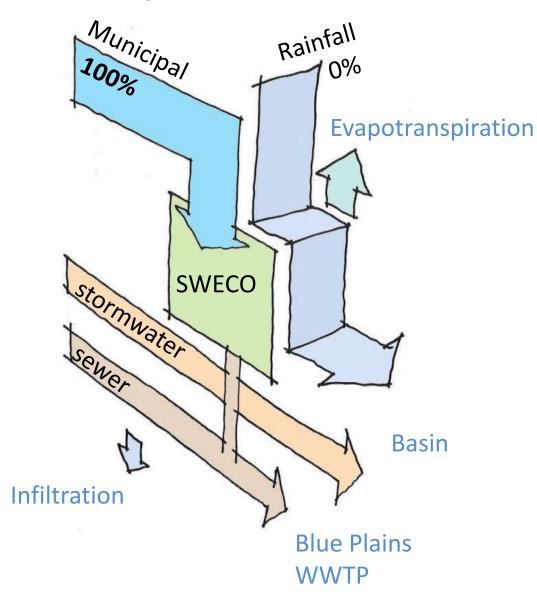
Qualitative Value

- Improve environmental quality:
 - -Enhance outdoor thermal comfort
 - -Enhance Biophilia
- Create identity for new district neighborhood



Existing Water Source Distribution

Existing



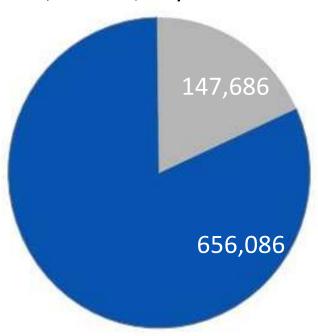
- Rainfall sheets off site to Basin.
- Minimal tree and discontinuous plant communities.
- 100% Municipal Water is needed to meet 10th Street Corridor demand.



Modeled Daily Water Demand

Existing

803,772 Gal/Day



Potable Demand

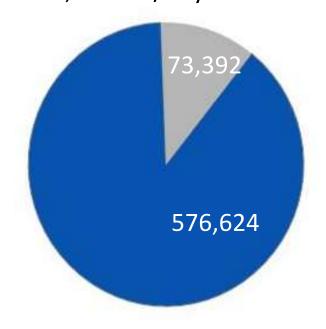
Flush Demand



Efficient Fixtures

(20% Reduction in water with 33% increase in development)

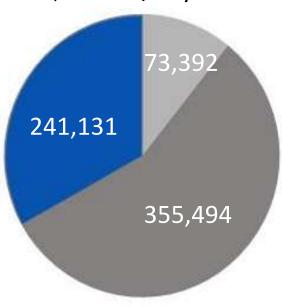
650,016 Gal/Day



SWECO Target

(70% Reduction Municipal Water Use)

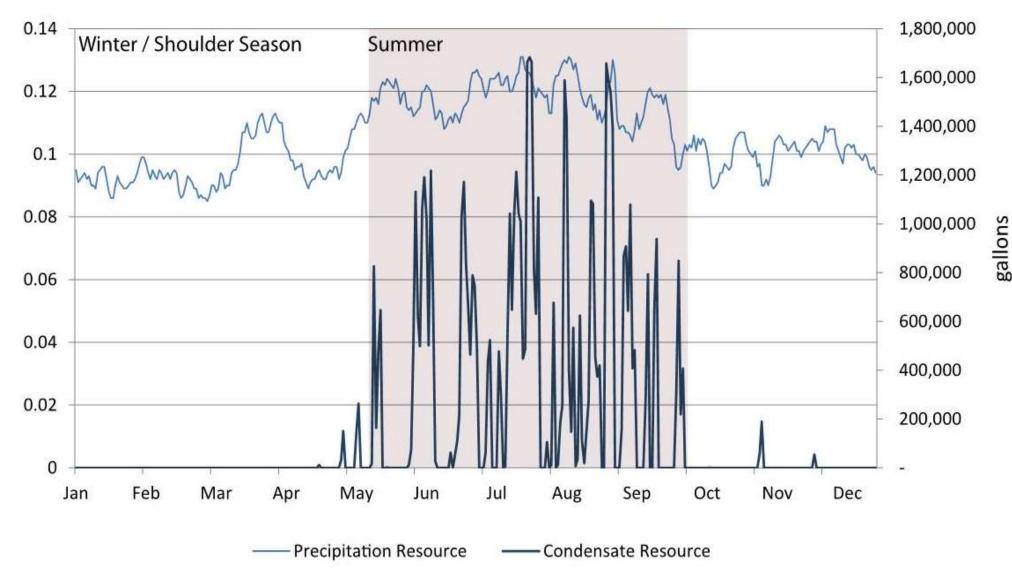
650,016 Gal/Day



30% Municipal Water Goal

inches

Modeled Daily Precipitation and Condensate Resource





Modeled Green Areas for Water Reduction



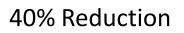
Flow Through
Swale
20% Reduction



Flow Through
Planter
20% Reduction



Roof Intensive





Roof Extensive

100% Reduction



Tree

Reduction 15 cf/year



Impervious

0% Reduction



Compacted

20% Reduction

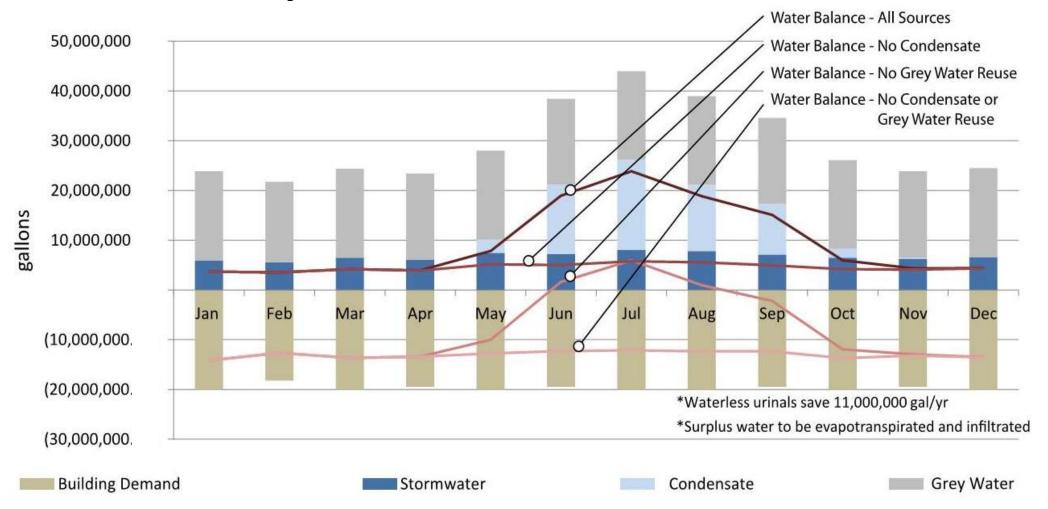


Natural

40% Reduction

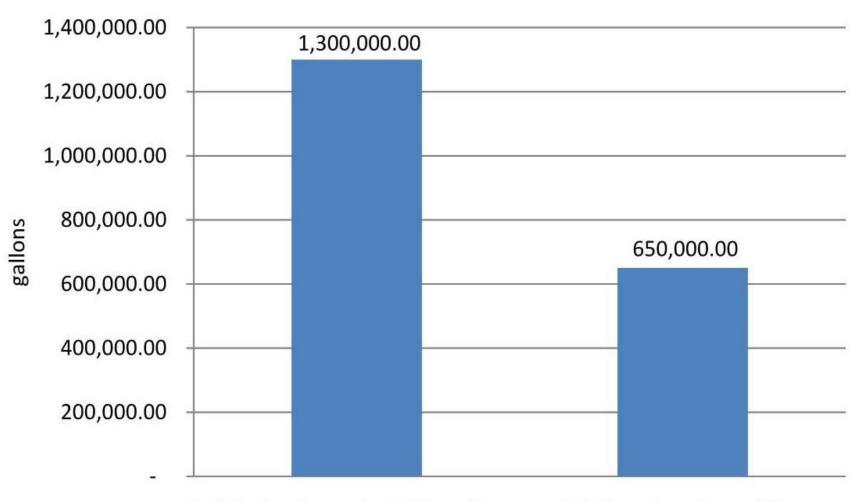


Modeled Monthly Water Balance





DDOE 10th Street Corridor Cistern Sizing



Tank Sized to Capture the 1.7" Storm Event (Maximum DC Stormwater Credits)

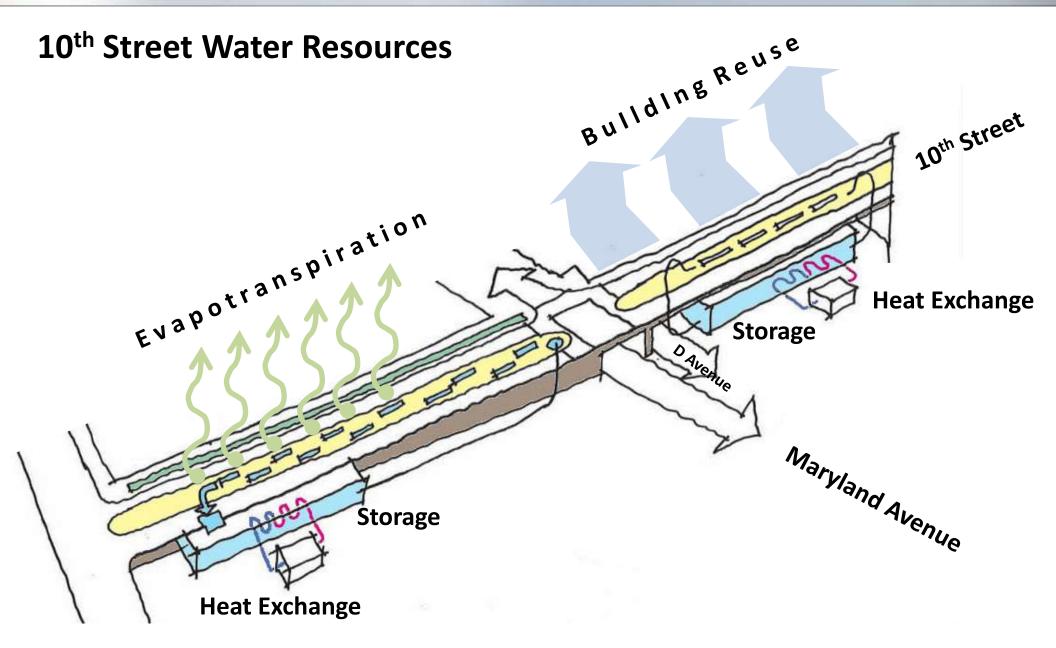
Tank Size to Meet Greatest Winter Deficit and Correlating Storm Event

Tank Dimensions

H 20' x W 20' x L 435'

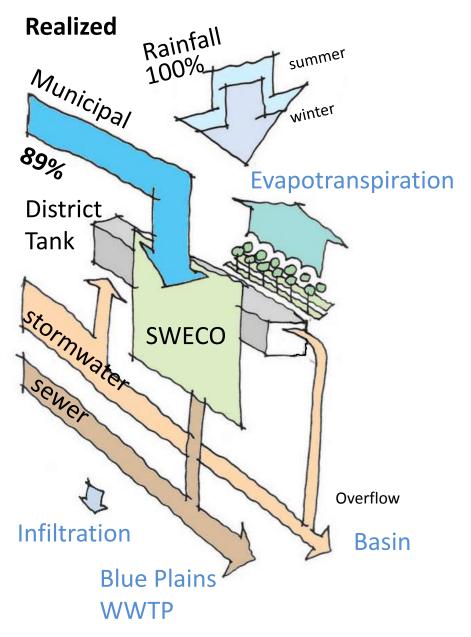
H 20' x W 20' x L 217'





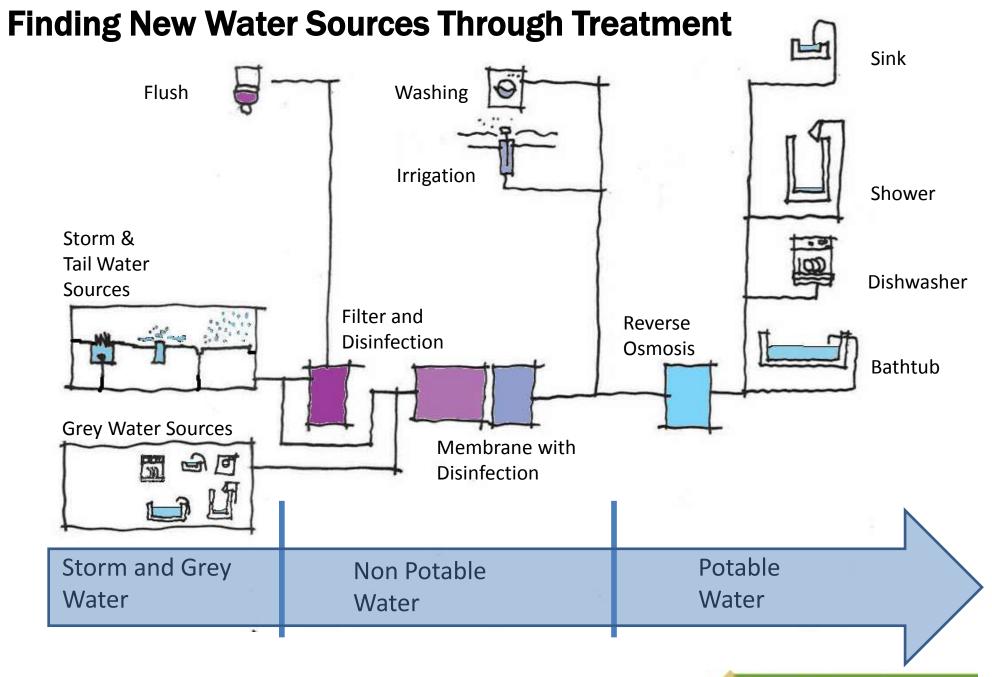


Filter and Treat Water for Toilet Flushes



- Volume reduction from plants due to evapotranspiration.
- Storage and reuse of the 1.7" Storm Event.
- 11% of water demand when rainfall is collected, treated, and reused only for toilet flushes.
- 89% municipal water is needed to meet 10th Street Corridor demand.
- Need to reuse more rainwater to collect the stormwater Credits.

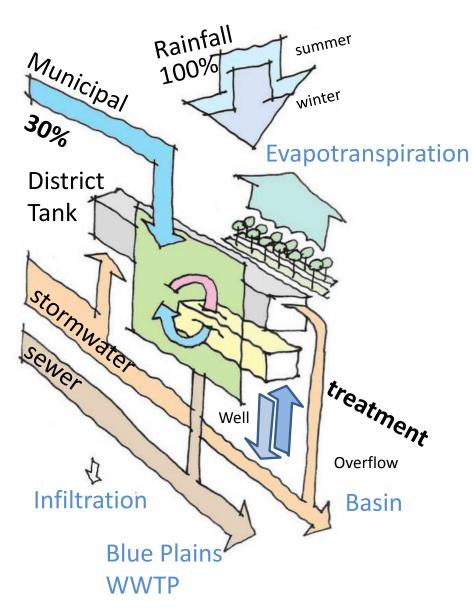






Treating Waters To Close The Gap: 30% Municipal Water

Potable Treatment



- Volume reduction from plants due to evapotranspiration.
- Storage and reuse of the 1.7" Storm Event.
- 11% of water demand for toilet flushed is from treated grey water or condensate.
- 30% Municipal Water is needed to meet 10th Street Corridor demand.
- 59% of water demand is from treating storm, condensate, and well water for potable uses.



Take Aways

1. Preliminary Recommendation:

- Use rain and well waters to close the gap on potable water demand.
- Treat grey water and remnant stormwater for the small amount of non-potable demand.

2. Preliminary Conclusion:

We can finance capital as well as meet operating costs with subscriber fees, avoided fees, and credits which contribute to the beauty of 10th Street.





10th Street SW Concept Design And Interim Banneker Connection



10th Street SW Concept Design and Interim Banneker Connection

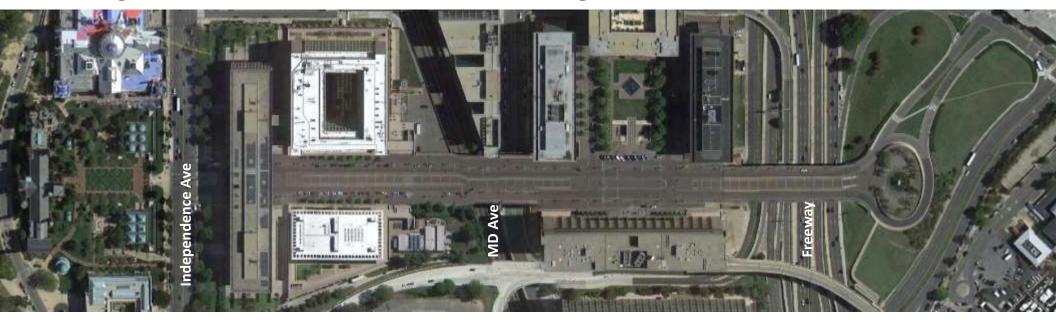
- 1. Overall Design Framework
- 2. Design Alternatives for 10th St. SW
- 3. Banneker Connection Concept

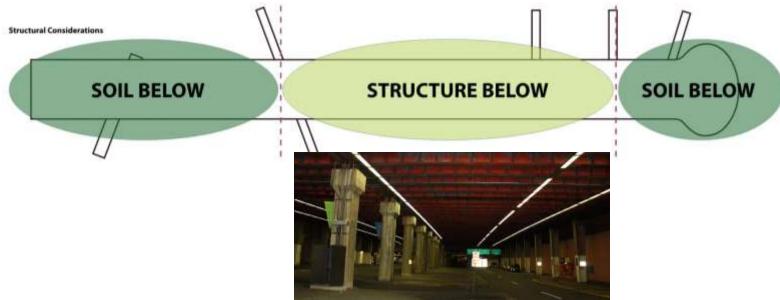






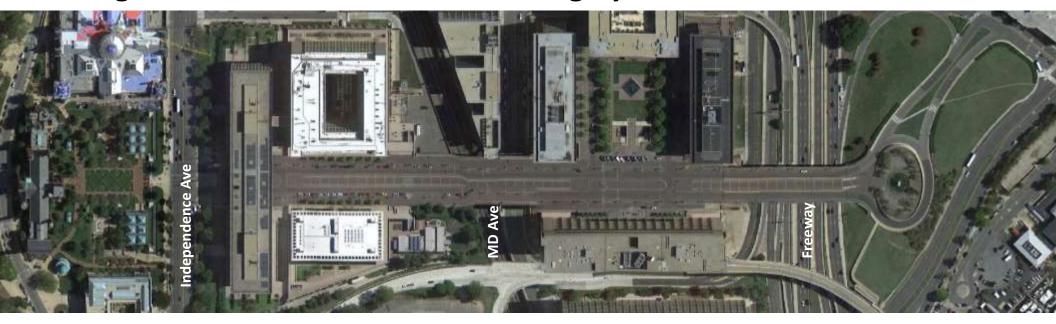
Design Framework – A Street & 3 Bridge Structures

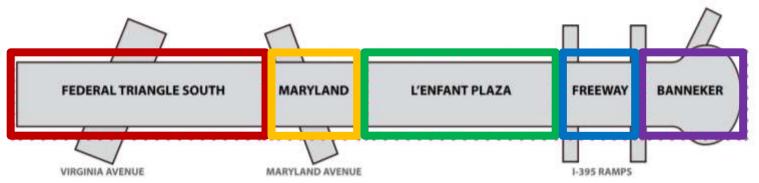






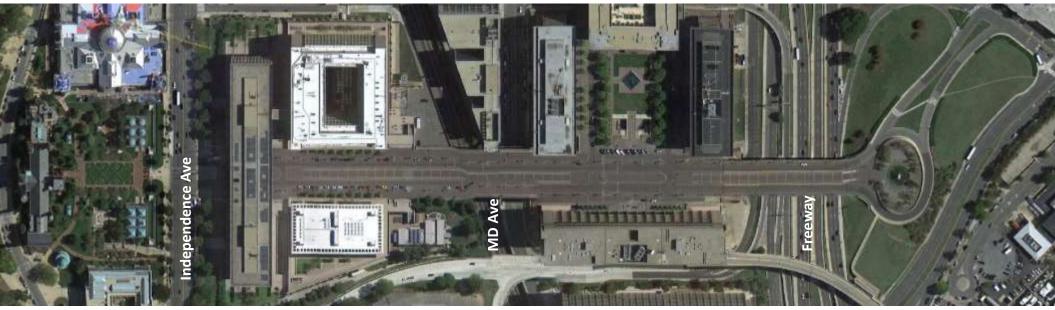
Design Framework – Potential Phasing by Area

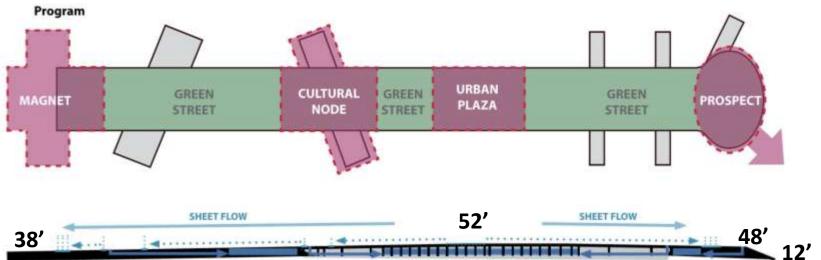






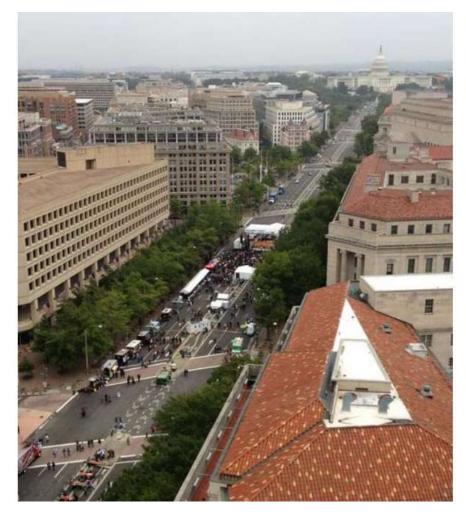
Design Framework – Unified Connection with Potential Episodic Features







Short Term – Use Programming to Create Some "Excitement"





A one-block, or 400' long, programmed event

Potential to relocate events from Pennsylvania Avenue to 10th Street



Short Term – Activities and Improvements

Festival and events related improvements, such as:

- Street Painting
- Furnishings







Wayfinding connection to Banneker

- Movable Furnishings
- Signage
- Lighting





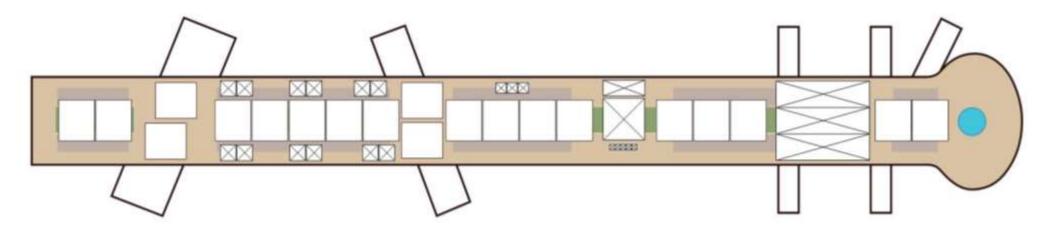




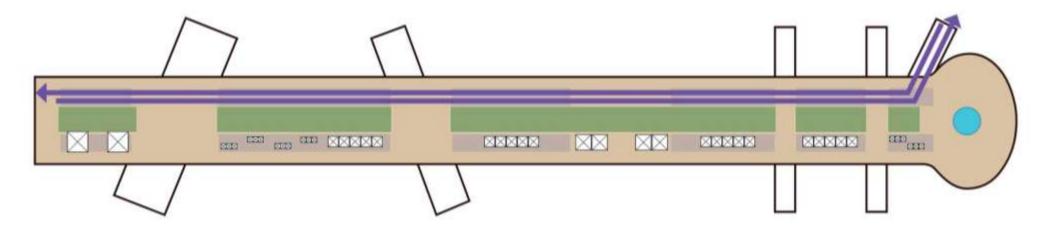
Program "Test Fits" – Consider closing one street for events

SOLAR DECATHLON

1@80x80, 20@70x80, 1@30x80, 6@30x30, 3@20x20, 3@10x10, 150x180 storage area REQUIRES USE OF INTERSECTIONS, MEDIAN, AND CLOSING ALL TRAFFIC



HARE KRISHNA FESTIVAL OF INDIA 1@40x60, 3@20x30, 9@20x20, 7@10x20, 10@10x10 REQUIRES USE OF STREET





Long Term Improvements – 2005 EA "Base Case"



ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT: L'ENFANT PROMENADE & BENJAMIN BANNEKER PARK IMPROVEMENTS

Wide Median Design Option

Proposed L'Enfant Promenade Improvements,



FIGURE 3-3: Typical Section of L'Enfant Promenude

Table 3-1 Estimated Cost of the Proposed Action (2005 \$)

PROJECT OPTIONS	COST
L'Enfant Promenade Improvements	
Narrow Median (retains existing superstructure)	\$ 33,516,000
Wide Median (retains existing superstructure)	\$ 33,120,000
Maryland Avenue Roundabout	\$1,483,000
Reconstruction (including superstructure)	\$ 56,661,000
Benjamin Banneker Park Improvements	
ITC and Modify Traffic Circle and Road to 9th Street	\$80,223,000

Source: Parsons Brinckerhoff

Table 3-2 Estimated Rehabilitation Cost of the No Build Alternative (2005 \$)

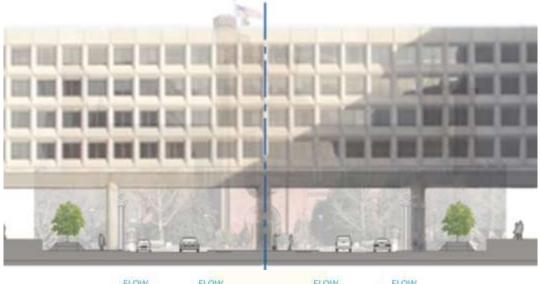
REHABILITATION OPTIONS	COST
Basic Rehabilitation	\$ 9,488,000
Enhanced Rehabilitation	\$ 11,511,000
Total Short-Term Rehabilitation and Enhancement	\$ 20,999,000

Source: Parsons Brinckerhoff



Recommended Street Section



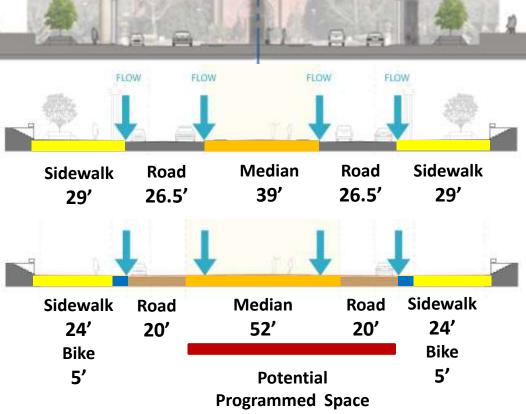


150' R.O.W. - Existing

150' R.O.W. - Proposed

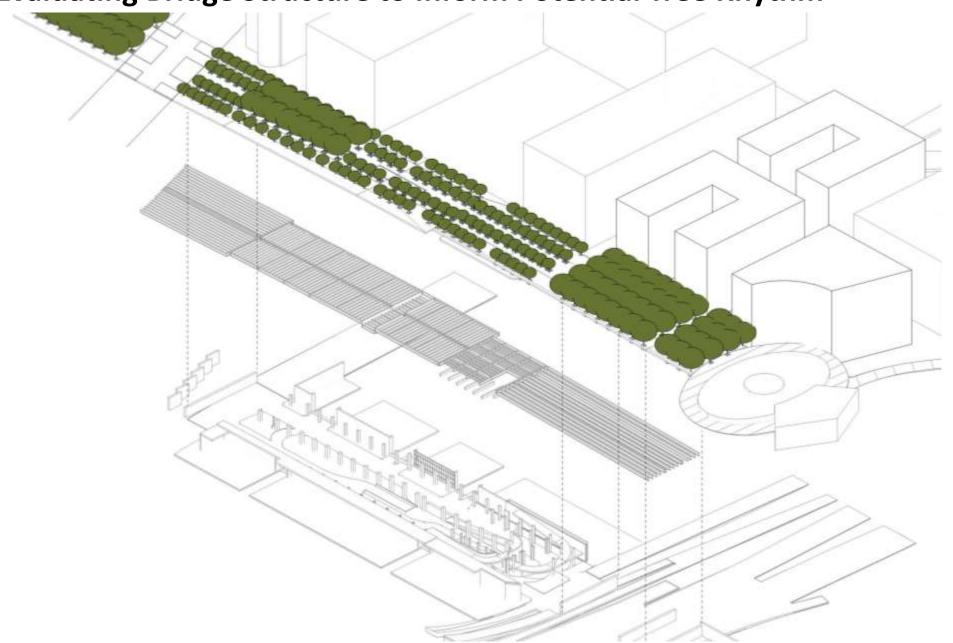
Goals

- •Improve Median Use
- Potential for Curbless
- Minimize Outer Curbline Changes





Evaluating Bridge Structure to Inform Potential Tree Rhythm





Planting Trees on the Bridge Structure And Canopy



Large Trees –
Partial median
reconstruction



Medium Trees – Within reinforced structure, and raised planter bed



Small Trees – Within reinforced structure



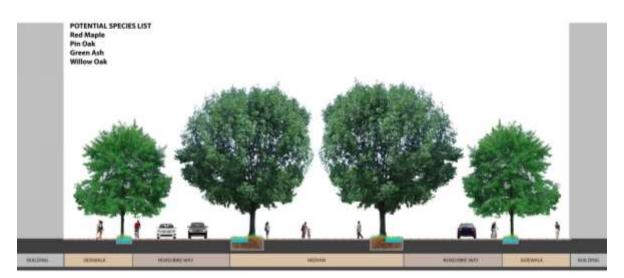
Integrating
Stormwater
within
Tree
Planting

STORMWATER NOT INTEGRATED WITH TREE PLANTERS



Not Integrated With Stormwater

STORMWATER INTEGRATED WITH TREE PLANTERS



Integrated With Stormwater



3 Diagrammatic Alternatives

An emphasis on hardscape

- Trees flush with pavement
- Most flexible for programming in median
- Most extensive "curbless" median

An emphasis on softscape

- Reinforce the "continuation of the Mall"
- Create passive opportunities
- May integrate linear stormwater features
- Select programming along median

An emphasis on water treatment

- Bring water to the surface to reinforce the ecodistrict experience
- Select programming along median



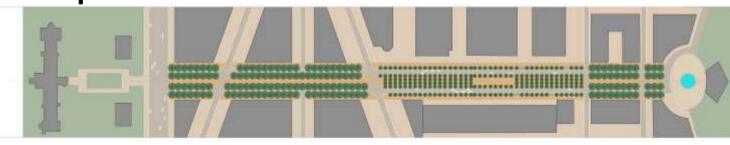
Emphasis on Hardscape – Framework

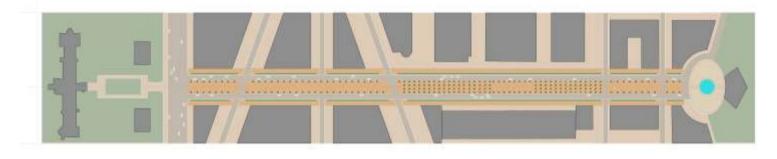
Tree Canopy

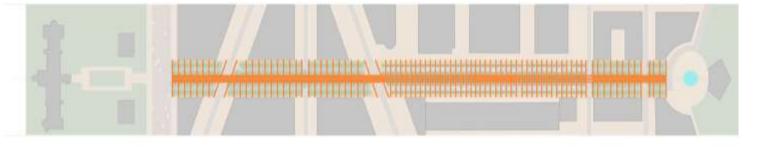


Circulation

Programming









Emphasis on Hardscape

Partial Plan



Section at L'Enfant





Emphasis on Hardscape – Precedent Images















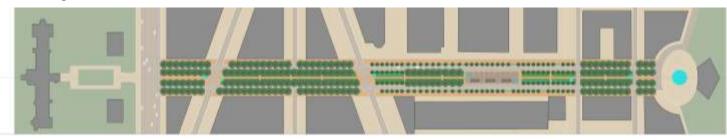
Emphasis on Softscape – Framework

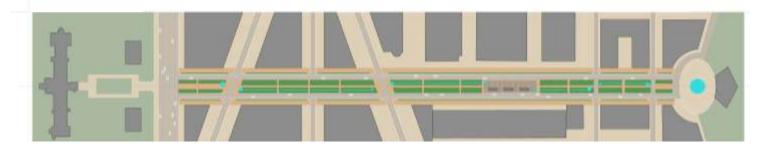
Tree Canopy

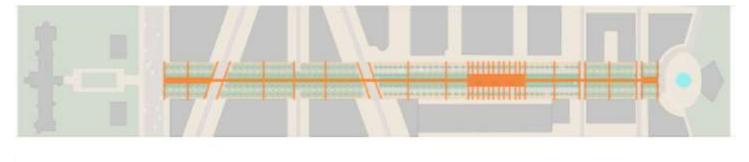
Ground Plane

Circulation

Programming





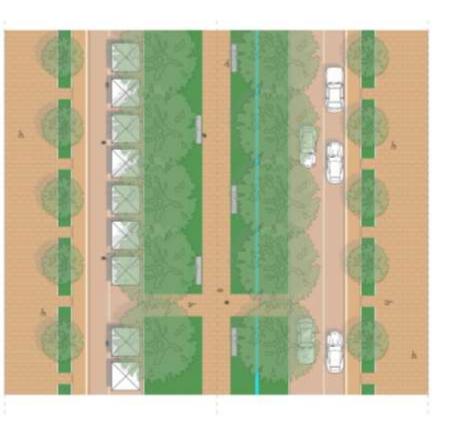


SW Ecodistrict



Emphasis on Softscape

Partial Plan



Section at L'Enfant





Emphasis on Softscape – Precedent Images















Emphasis on Displaying Water – Framework

Tree Canopy

Ground Plane

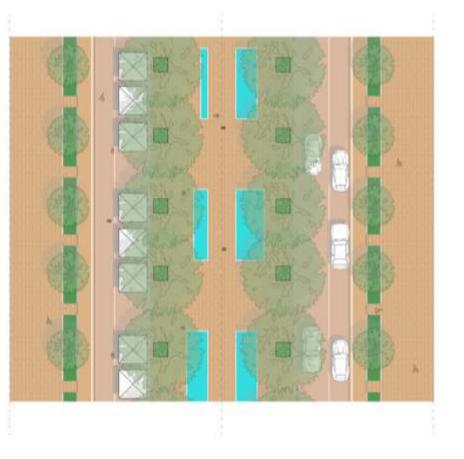
Circulation

Programming



Emphasis on Displaying Water

Partial Plan



Section at L'Enfant





Emphasis on Displaying Water – Precedent Images







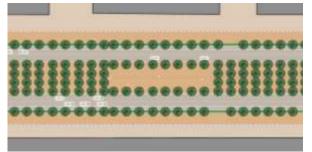




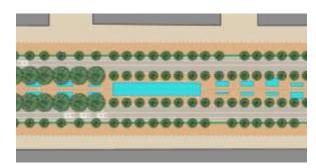




Plaza Programming and Elements













The three concepts illustrate 3 potential strategies for the programmed plaza at the peak of the street, and for creating episodic features along the street:

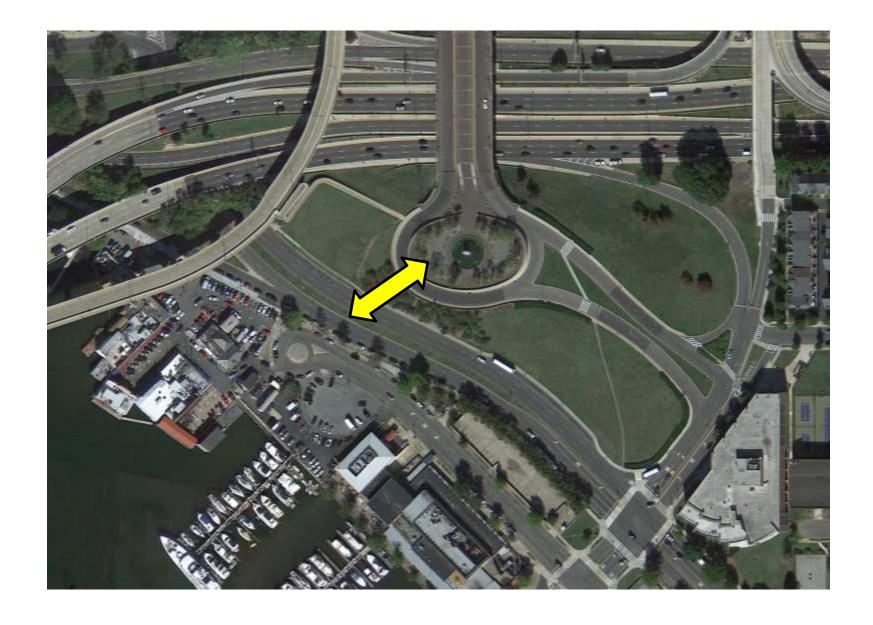
An opening in the bosque of trees – accommodates flexibility, moveable furniture, etc.

An architectural approach – provides cover, relates to tree rhythm

An interactive water feature – potable water is used at the peak, and is treated as it flows down the street.



Banneker Interim Connection

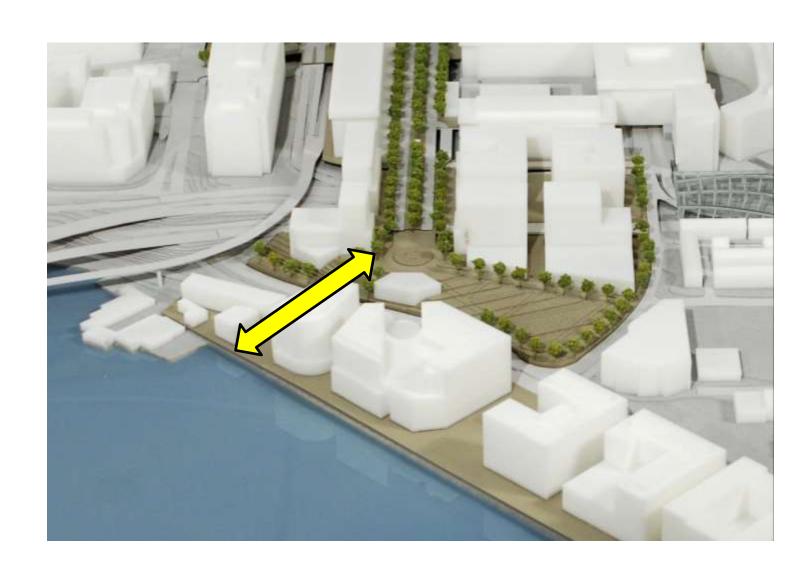




Banneker Interim Connection

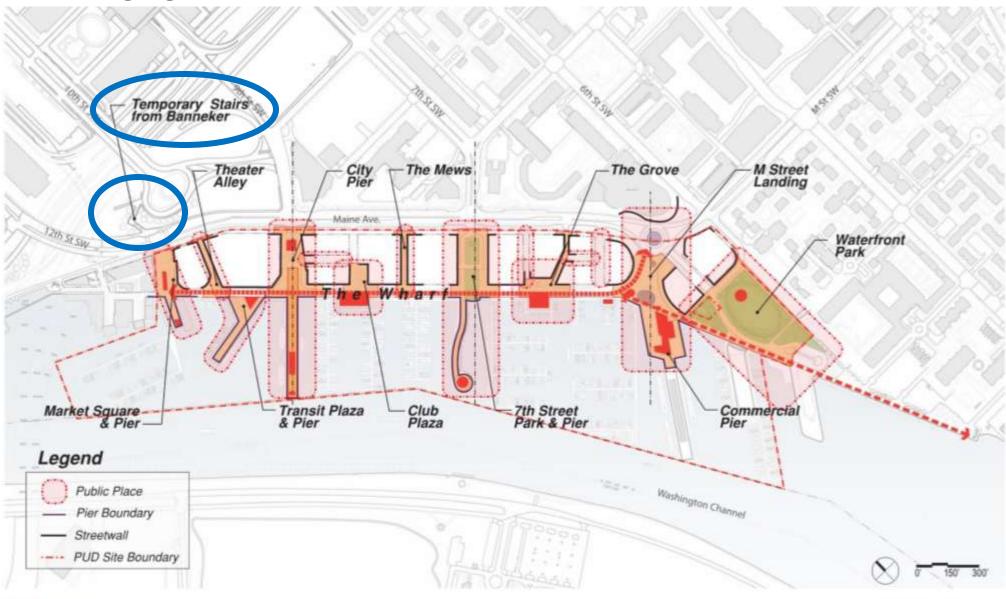
Concept design for interim connection, considers:

- Potential phasing
- Universal experience
- Wayfinding between 10th and Waterfront





Leveraging the SW Waterfront Commitment





SOUTHWEST WATERFRONT

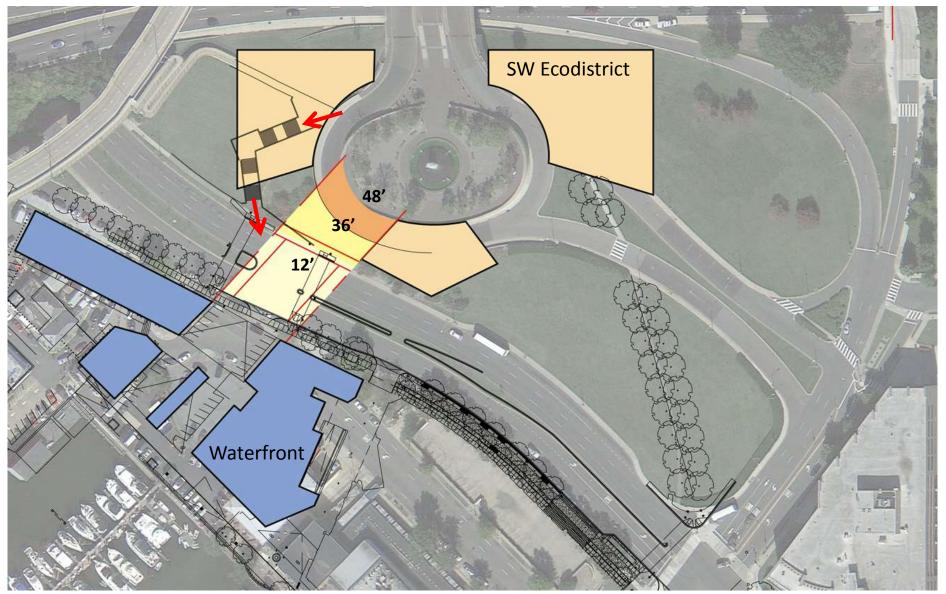
STAGE ONE PUD APPLICATION

JUNE 28, 2011

PLACES PLAN
HOFFMAN - STRUEVER WATERFRONT, LLC



The 100' Wide – Connection and View Corridor, Grades and Phasing



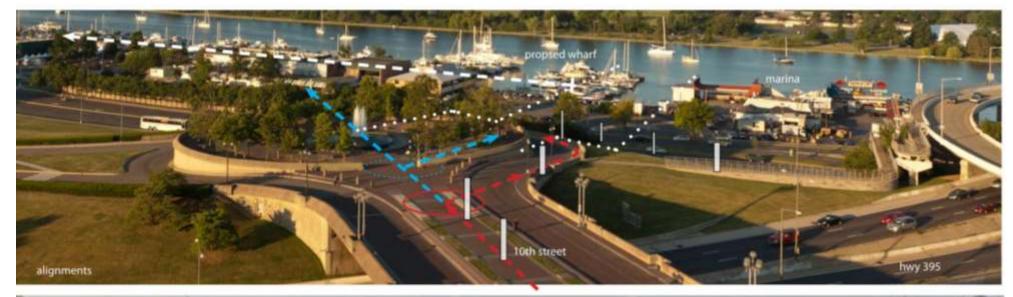


Concept Illustrations - Existing





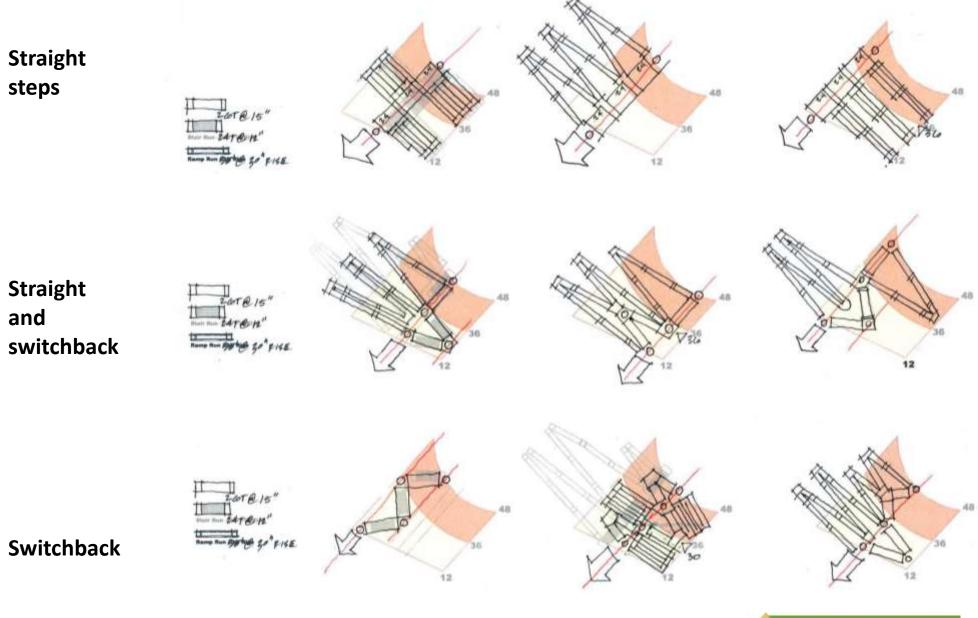
Concept Definition





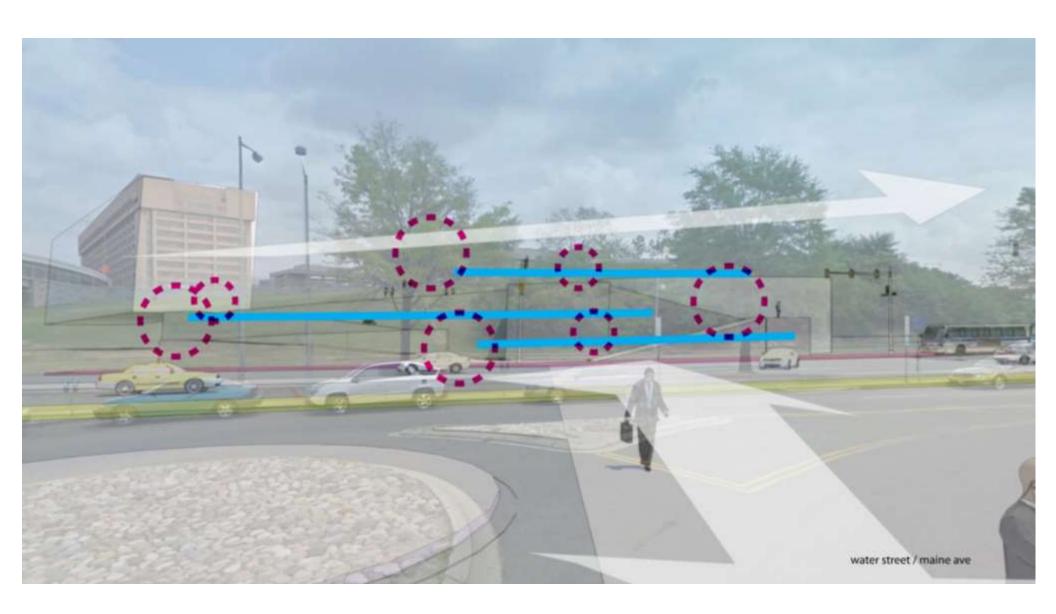


Preliminary Test Fits – Integrating Stair & Ramp within Phasing





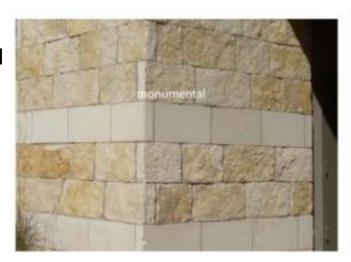
Concept Diagram





Concept Design Character

Monumental





Contemporary

"District"

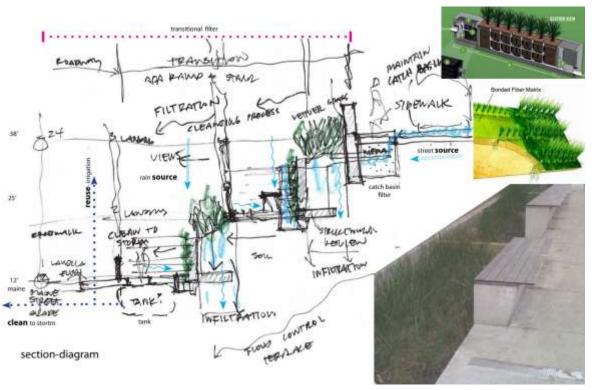




Natural



Concept Integrate Stormwater and Green Walls











Concept Wayfinding – Ground Plane, Signage, Lighting / Vertical Elements















Interim Banneker Connection

- Is the phasing strategy / general layout the right approach?
- **❖** What should be the design character of the connection?

10th Street Connection

Is there a preference for the design of 10th Street SW to:

- Support a programming, and at what scale?
- Be more linear or episodic?
- Feel more like a park or a street?
- Reflect a more formal experience?
- **Represent the ecodistrict story?**